

ANURAG Engineering College
(An Autonomous Institution)

I B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, January–2025
MATRICES AND CALCULUS
(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time: 3 Hours**Max. Marks: 60****Section – A (Short Answer type questions)****Answer All Questions**

1. Define the rank of the matrix.
2. Define a linear equation with n unknowns.
3. State Cayley-Hamilton theorem.
4. If r is the rank and s is the number of positive terms in a quadratic form, then write the signature of a quadratic form.
5. State the Lagrange's mean value theorem.
6. Find the value of $\Gamma(1/2)$.
7. State Euler's theorem.
8. Let $x(u, v) = u^2 - v^2$, $y(u, v) = 2uv$. Find the Jacobian $J(u, v)$.
9. Evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_0^3 xy \, dx \, dy$
10. Evaluate $\int_{x=1}^{x=2} \int_{y=1}^{y=2} \int_{z=1}^{z=2} xyz \, dx \, dy \, dz$.

Course Outcome	(10 Marks)	
	B.T Level	Marks
CO1	L1	1M
CO1	L1	1M
CO2	L1	1M
CO2	L2	1M
CO3	L1	1M
CO3	L2	1M
CO4	L1	1M
CO4	L2	1M
CO5	L2	1M
CO5	L2	1M

Section B (Essay Questions)**Answer all questions, each question carries equal marks.****(5 X 10M = 50M)**

11. A) i) Find the rank of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$ by reducing into the normal form.
ii) Find the values a & b for which the equations $x + y + z = 3$, $x + 2y + 2z = 6$, $x + ay + 3z = b$ have
a) No Solution b) a unique solution and c) infinite no. of solutions.
- OR**
- B) Solve the equations $10x+y+z=12$; $x+10y-z=10$ and $x-2y+10z=9$ by Gauss-Jordan method.

CO1 L3 10M

12. A) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem. Find A^{-1} and A^4 .
- OR**
- B) Identify the nature, index, signature, and rank of the following Quadratic form $3x_1^2 + 3x_2^2 + 3x_3^2 + 2x_1x_2 + 2x_1x_3 - 2x_2x_3$.

CO2 L3 10M

CO2 L3 10M

13. A) Prove that $\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{1}{5\sqrt{3}} > \cos^{-1} \frac{3}{5} > \frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{1}{8}$ using Lagrange's theorem. CO3 L3 10M
OR
 B) Compute $\beta(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{7}{2})$. CO3 L3 10M
14. A) If $u = x^2 - 2y, v = x + y + z, w = x - 2y + z$ then compute $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ CO4 L3 10M
OR
 B) Find the maximum value of $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ under the condition $ax + by + cz = p$. CO4 L3 10M
15. A) Evaluate the integral using Change the order of integration in $\int_0^{1-x} \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dy \, dx$ CO5 L3 10M
OR
 B) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2-z^2}} xyz \, dz \, dy \, dx$. CO5 L3 10M