ANURAG Engineering College

(An Autonomous Institution)

III B.Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, December - 2024 **AUTOMATA AND COMPILER DESIGN**

(INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)

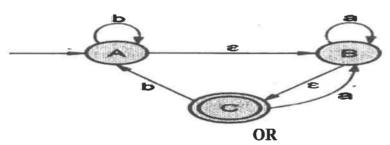
Max. Marks: 60 Time: 3 Hours

Section – A (Short Answer type questions)			(10 Marks)	
Answer All Questions		Course	B.T	Marks
		Outcome	Level	
1.	Give any two differences between NFA and DFA.	CO1	L1	1M
2.	Explain transition diagram, transition table with example.	CO1	L1	1M
3.	Differentiate left linear and right linear derivations.	CO2	L2	1M
4.	Define Context Free Grammars.	CO2	L1	1M
5.	Define Turing Machine	CO3	L1	1M
6.	List the steps to convert CFG to PDA.	CO3	L2	1 M
7.	Differentiate between top-down parser and bottom-up parser.	CO4	L2	1 M
8.	Define the following terms: a) Lexeme b) Token	CO4	L1	1 M
9.	Define L attribute and S attribute.	CO5	L1	1 M
10.	What are Abstract Syntax trees?	CO5	L1	1M

Section B (Essay Questions)

Answer all questions, each question carries equal marks.

 $(5 \times 10M = 50M)$ 11. A) Convert the following NFA with € into equivalent NFA without € CO1 L3 10M



B) Convert the following NFA into DFA

State	0	1
→q0	q0	q1
q1	{q1, q2}	q1
*q2	q2	{q1, q2}

Draw complete DFA

12. A) Construct Leftmost Derivation, Rightmost Derivation, Derivation

Tree for the following grammar G = (V, T, P, S) with $V = \{E\}, S = E, T = \{id, +, *(,)\}$

 $E \rightarrow E + E$

E->E* E

 $E \rightarrow (E)$

E->id

Obtain id+id*id in right most derivation, left most derivation

OR

10M

10M

L3

L3

CO1

CO₂

6M

B) i) Convert given Finite Automata to Regular Expression using CO2 L3 6M Arden's theorem with an example.

ii) Apply pumping lemma for the language L= {an/n is prime} and prove that it is not regular.

- 13. A) i) Define Push Down Automata. Explain the basic structure of PDA CO3 L2 4M with a neat graphical representation.
 - ii) Design a PDA for the following language L= {0 n 1 2n / n≥1}.

OR B) Construct a Transition diagram for Turing Machine to accept the CO3 L3 10M following language. L = { 0n1n0n | n≥1}

14. A) Explain the various phases of a compiler with an illustrative example CO4 L2 10M

OR

B) Construct an LALR Parsing table for the following grammar: E-> E+T T T-> T*F F F->id	CO4	L3	10M
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- 15. A) What is a three-address code? Mention its types. How would you CO5 L3 10M implement the three-address statements? Explain with examples.
 - B) i) Explain the Translation scheme of SDD. CO5 L2 5M ii) Give syntax directed translation scheme for simple desk calculator 5M