

ANURAG Engineering College
(An Autonomous Institution)
I.B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, June/July - 2024
MATHEMATICS - I
(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time: 3 Hours**Max.Marks:75****Section – A (Short Answer type questions)****Answer All Questions**

1. State Lagrange's Mean Value Theorem.
2. Write geometrical interpretation of Rolle's theorem.
3. Define the rank of the matrix and give example.
4. State the condition when the system of non-homogeneous equations $AX = B$ will have i) unique solution ii) Infinite no. of solutions
5. State Cayley Hamilton theorem.
6. If λ is an Eigen value of a matrix A, then prove that $\frac{1}{\lambda}$ is the Eigen value of A^{-1} .
7. State Newton's law of cooling.
8. Define Bernoulli's equation.
9. Solve $(D^3 - 3D + 2)y = 0$
10. Define linear differential equation.

Course Outcome	B.T Level	(25 Marks)	
		Marks	
CO1	L1	2M	
CO1	L1	3M	
CO2	L1	2M	
CO2	L2	3M	
CO3	L2	2M	
CO3	L2	3M	
CO4	L2	2M	
CO4	L1	3M	
CO5	L2	2M	
CO5	L1	3M	

Section B (Essay Questions)**Answer all questions, each question carries equal marks.**

11. A) If $a < b$, prove that $\frac{b-a}{1+b^2} < \tan^{-1}b - \tan^{-1}a < \frac{b-a}{1+a^2}$
 Using Lagrange's mean value theorem and deduce that
 $\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{3}{25} < \tan^{-1}\frac{4}{3} < \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{6}$.

OR

- B) Find the maximum and minimum values
 $f(x, y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 4$

12. A) Solve the equations $x + y + z = 6, 3x + 3y + 4z = 20, 2x + y + 3z = 13$ using Gauss-Elimination method.

OR

- B) Find the rank of the matrix by reducing it to the normal form

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

13. A)

Find matrix P which transforms the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ into diagonal form and hence calculate A^4

OR**(5 X 10M = 50M)**

CO1 L3 10M

OR

CO1 L3 10M

OR

CO2 L3 10M

OR

CO2 L3 10M

OR

CO3 L3 10M

- B) State Cayley-Hamilton theorem and use it to find the inverse of matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$. CO3 L3 10M
14. A) Solve $(1 + y^2)dx = (\tan^{-1}y - x)dy$ OR
B) Find the orthogonal trajectories of the circle $x^2 + (y - c)^2 = c^2$. CO4 L3 10M
15. A) Solve $(D^2 - 4) = 2\cos^2x$. CO5 L3 10M
OR
B) Solve $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = x^2 \sin x + e^{2x} + 3$. CO5 L3 10M